The new ship ONEIDA, Capt. James Funck. Ship BALTIMORE, James Funck. Ship BALTIMORE, E.A. Capt. E.A. Ward Funk. Ship UTICA, Ship UTICA, Fred'k Hewitt. Sheward Funk. Fred'k Hewitt. Sheward Funk. Sheward Funk. Fred'k Hewitt. Sheward Funk. Sheward Funk eurred on them. For freight or passage apply to BOYD & HING KEN, Agents, S Toutine Buildings PASSAGE FROM GREAT BALLAN AND INCLUSION

FROM NEW YORK. FROM GOSHEN.

VIA STONINGTON BAILY.

HARNDEN & CO'S American and Foreign Express. Foreign Letter, and General Forwarding Office.—Fackages of all kinds, sample goods, paperies, and bunk notes, will be rec ived and from Express to and from the following places: Birming-Leeds, Eng., Dubbin and Corts, Felan and From Bosoulous, Paris and From Bosoulous, Paris and From Bosoulous, New York, Philadelphia, and from Toro

rees of this line will be found really the

When the river shall be shut up entirely, ited but When the river shall be shut up entirely, ited but when the river shall be shut up entirely. Ited but when the river shall be shut up entirely. Ited but when the river shall be shut up entirely. Ited but when the river shall be shut up entirely. Ited but the river shut the r

The cheapest and most expeditious Route
TO BOSTON.
Via Hudson, Pittsfield, Springfield and Worcester.
For HUDSON and intermediate places.
Bla. Capt. T. P. Newbury, will leave the foot of Coder street every Tuesday, I hursday and tray at 5 P. M.
Fare from New York to Boston, if paid on board the GO- Free from New York to Boston, if paid on pours and GO- Free from New York to Boston, if paid on pours and The Passage Train of the Hudson, Berkshire and Western Hadroad will run in connection with this boat as follows:—Leave Hudson daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 a. M. Arrive at Tutafield at 12 noon, at Worceater to standard Boston at half past 6 r. M. GO- Tickets for Boston must be procured on board of this GO- Tickets for Boston must be procured on board of this

PEOPLE'S LINE OF STEANBOATS FOR ALBANY,
THE new and commodious steamboat
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. M. H. Truss
dell, leaves the steamboat pier between Corandt and Liberty streets, on Wednesday and Friday afternoons a 5 o'clock.

For passage or freignt, apply to P. C. Schultz at the office on the wharf, or on board.

N. B. All kinds of property taken only at the risk of the wranger thereof.

MASSACHUSETTS, Capt. Comstock.
RIGODE ISLAND, Capt. Thuyer.
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NARRAGANSETT, Capt. Woolsey.
Complete of which will leave New York daily. Sundays excepted, hen pier No. 1 North River, Battery Place, at 40 clock, P. M.
The NARRAGANSETT, on Mondays and Thursdays, for Benericton. The MASSACHUSETTS, Tuesdays and Fridays, for Regulaton, Newport, and Providence.
The RHODE ISLAND, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, for Raumitton, Newport, and Providence.
Famestingers on the arrival of the steamers at Stonington, may has the Raulrond Caus and proceed immediately to Frovidence.
Boston, or when they go round, may, if they prefer it, reash on board and take the accommodation train from Providence to Boston.

STATEN ISLAND FERRY.

Foot of Whitehall street.

The steamer STATEN ISLANDER
eaves bitaten Island
At 8 o'clock a.m.

At 8 o'clock a.m.

At 8 o'clock a.m.

Senday there will be two boats to run. The last boat o'clock a.m.

T. FOWELL 8 CO'S LINE.

FOR NEW BURGH, landing at CALD
WELL'S, WEST POINT AND COLD
SPRING—The steamboat HighLANDER
Robert Warleon, will leave the foot of Warren atreet,
Ook, every Monday, The sday and Saturday Alternoon's clock. Returning the High and er will leave Newburgh Monday morning at 8 o'clock, and 2 useday and Friday oon at 3 o'clock.

MERCANTILE AGENCY.-The nudersigned begs leav as they may require.

The business of this establishment will include all megotic

NEW YORK AND HAVRE PACKETS.

and and Scotland to Liverpoor, can likewise or where we will be written particulars,
Apply to Old established packet office, 273 Fearlist,
C. GRIMSHAW & Co. 10 Goree Piazzas, Liverpool.
Drafts or exchange at sight and for any ameunt, are also furnished on R. C. Glyn & t.o., bancers, London, C. Grimshay & Co., Liverpool, the Northern Banking Co. and National Bank of Scotland, pa, able at their restrictive hemiches. Apply as above

d, and National Bank of Scotland, pa, able at the te branches. Apply as above d221m YORK AND LIVE-RPOOL REGULAR LINE OF PACKETS.

Thy letter, post paid) to
FACKETS FOR HAVEE, —Second Line, —TI
new ship ST. NICOLAS, J. B. Pell, master, will
sail on the 1st of February.
BOYD & HINGKEN, Agents.
No. 9 Toutine Building.
NEW LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS—
Regular packet of the 25th Jan.—The splendid market
ship SH.RIDAN, Captain Dereyester, will sail
cher gegular day.

W. & J. T. TAPSCOTT, 49 Southstreet,

P. S.—Persons wishing to send for their frience residing in the old country, can have them brought out by the above ship, to leave Liverpool on the 19th March, and provided with provisions in her, if required, on the most moderate terms, by applying as above (if by letter post paid.)

RE WITTANCES TO ENGLAND IRELAND SCOTLAND, AND WALES—Persons trocceding part of the old country, can at all times obtain from the subscribers drafts at sight, for any amount drawn direct on the Royal Bank of Ireland, and on Messars. Prescott, Grote, Ames & Co., bankers, London, which are paid free of discounter any charge whatever, in every town throughout the United Kiegdom. For terms applying

For terms applying ROCHE, BROTHERS & CO. 35 Fulton st.

New York, next do ir to the Fulton Bank.

(IGT - The subscribers have a regular direct succession of first class American Snipe, sailing from Liverpool every six days, and Mr. JAMES 13. ROCHE, one of this firm, is there, and will remain to see all those whose passages are paid here, forwarded with care and despatch. For passage apply as above.

Wallst., orto

E. K. COLLINS & CO. 48 Southstreet.

Price of passage \$100

The packet ship SHERIDAN, Capt. F. A. Depeyster, of 1960 tons, will succeed the Siddons, and suit the 25th January, her regular day.

Passtogers may rely on the ships of this lines ailing punctually as and rections.

GLOVER & MeMURRAY.

JOHN HERDMAN, 61 South st.

e business of this establishment will it which merchants and others may de ally conducted, and will include Procuring Partners,
Negotiating with Manufacturers,
Supplying Merchants with Clerks,

13.000 lineal feet white pine do, 1 tool by 1 tool 3 inches square for floor timbers.
241.500 feet board measure of 5 inch white pine plank for floor ing.
75.900 feet board measure of 5 inch white pine plank for sheet piling.
All the above timber and plank to be of perfectly sound and durable quality.
The spruce piles to be as straight as can be procured, and in all respects prepared for sharpening and driving.
The white pine timber to be free from shakes and large knots—to be saved straight and square edged to the di nensions above siven, and of the following lengths, viz: one half of each let to be in sicks 23.3, 23 and 31 test long. The remaining half of each lot in stuchs 34, 37, 46 and 45 feet long—the number of lineal feet of each length to be marely the same.
The white pine plank to be entirely free from large knots—to see the strain 12.
The vellow pines of 81, 84, 37, 84 and 55 feet long—the riggs not less than 37 feet, and in widths from 10 to 15, to are rigg not less than 37 feet, and in widths from 10 to 15, to are rigge not less than 12 makes—to average not less than 13 in ches.
The vellow pines as sheet pilling in lengths of 13 or 26 feet, and in within from 10 to 12 inches—to average not less than 13 in ches.
The backet imber and plank to be delivared on such wharf or wharfs within the Navy Yard as may be designated by the Engineer of the Dry bock subject to the inspection and approngious plants of the strain of the subject to the inspection and approngious plants of the subject to the inspection and approngious plants of the subject to the inspection and approngious plants and such times between the 1st day of July and the 15th day of October as may be required by the Navy Agent, be giving not less than 4 weeks notice.
The pripa to be delivered in such quantities and at such times between the 1st day of September and 31st day of October, and
The white and yellow pine plank between the 1st day of September and 31st day of October, and perfect to board measure, for the 3 and 5 pine plank.
The propo

N. Agent's office, New York, Jac. 3d, 1842.

ROBERTC. WETMORE, Navy Agent.

B StawtAlst

CHAPMAN'S ALE AND CHOP

HOUSE.

No. 251 HUDSON STREET.

J. H. CHAPMAN respectfully informs his friends and the receiver manner—Steaks, Chope, Cullets, broiled, fried, stewed roasted and raw Oysters, Welsh Rarebits, Feached Eggs, &c.—together with his superior Sparking Ale, brewed especially for this eatsbüshanent, which is unequalled in this city. He will also sell by the gallon or in demigona the choicest Wines and Luquors, (the celebrity of which is so well established,) at the lowest cash price.

N. B. Just received and for sale a superior lot of Isla Small Still Whiskey, which he will sell cheaper than can be purchased at any other house in this city.

A MOS G. HULL B. CO. 4 Vessey street, Astor House, har a made commodious changes in their establishment for the released application of released application.

They have now an assortment, with severale enfrance, cachestassively for ladder.

The Store for the sale of Trusses and Surgeons Instruments, and for mercantile business, is cutirely distinct from the rooms onder the charge of the Surgeon of the application of Trusses and Supporters.

The Store for the sale of Trusses and Surgeons Instruments, and for mercantile business, is cutirely distinct from the rooms onder the charge of the Surgeon for the application of Trusses and Supporters.

The Store for the sale of Trusses and Surgeons Instruments, and Surgeon electron other patients than those sentte him by the medical faculty for relief from Rupture, Varicoccele, Polyments and Surgeons of the Surgeon of the August Surgeon of the Trusses and Supporters. PASSAGE EROM HAMBURG, GERMANYDIRECT—The subscribers have a-regular succession of first class vessels, leaving Hamburg twice a mouth persons wishing to send for their friends, residing in any part of Germany, can avail themselves of this arrangement. Drafts for any amount can also be furnished, psyable in Hamburg. For further particulars, apply (if by letter, post paid) to HERDMAN & KENAN, 61 South st.

***ALLIAM GIBSON, Esq., Agent at Himburg DRAFTS TO ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOT-LAND AND WALES.—Persons desirous of sending money to their friends in any part of the old country, can be supplied with drafts at sight, payable at the National and Provincial Banks of Ireland and Branches, Mears James Bult, Son & Co., London, and Exchange and Discount Bank, Liverpool, which are paid on demand, in all the principal towns in the United Kingdom. For terms, &c., apply to

W. & J. T. TAPSCOTT.

Where, also, arrangements can be made for passengers to come out from the old country, in first class American packet ships, commanded by excerienced causties, one of which will leave Liverpool every six days throughout the coming season; and persons about sending for their friends may rely that every care and attention will be paid to render the passage comfortable. For particulars of variables, each passage comfortable. For particulars which will be taken at moderate rates, if easy application is made to the passage commondation for a few c bin, and second cabin passage and made to the passage comfortable to the noderate rates, if easy application is made to the passage comportable to the noderate rates, if easy application is made to the passage comportable to the noderate rates, if easy application is made to the passage components to the other friends to come out from the old can made the passage components to the passage components to the passage components and passage components to the passage components and passage components to the passage components to the passage components to the passage components and passage components to

The Surgeon receives no obsergation than those seat to make the mode of facility for relief from Rupture, Varioccele, Prologous &c.

L. Combined Saul Wheel Locks and Combination Padlocks.

L. Combined Saul Wheel Locks and Combination Padlocks.

—These superior Locks, consisting of Store, Door, and House Locks; Locks for Iren Chests; Book Safes, &c., inght Latches; are decidedly superior to any in market. White perfectly simple in their operation and use, they are equalled in safety by an other Locks, and only surpassed by the celebrated Combination Lock of the same inventor. The principle on which they are constructed is entirely new, and it is believed to be unequalled in affording, at a triding cost, the most ample security. The price of store door Locks are \$8 to \$15 each; Padlocks, \$8 to \$15 the dozen.

A superior swritele of Fadlocks for Rafl Roads and ship's use, worthy the attention of persons interested in such business. For sale, in any quantity, to the trade, or for private use, by the standard of the Manufacturers. 4 Junes Lane.

MOTICE.—The subscriber is reducing he large assortment to purchase my articles, either in the safeley and coach business, and particularly the following articles:—

Webbing, thread, bitts, stirraps, bells.

Pa'ent leather, R clota, bows, lamps, knobs, Laces, tacks roftes, buckets, hinges, axies, Springs, castings, &c. JNO S. SUMMERS, 1 Staw 2m

DAFER WAREHOUSE.—PERSSE & BROOKS, No. 61

J4 Slaw 2m JNO. S. NUMMERS,
130 Wolfer street.

DAPER WAREHOUSE.—PERSSE & BROOKS, No. 61
Liburty street, offer for sale the following assortment of
Faper on the mast reasonable terms:
500 do 2028;
500 do 2028;
500 do 2021
Source of a proper of a

Page 19 Page of any one or quality made to order at \$6 per 100 MUA .11 WHELL, ALD ALDEAN, NO. 17 North Birth atreet, a few doors days Market, Print and IPPRES. Reposited of the most in their, they self-our order States.

Louisville.

Correspondence of the Herald. LOUISVILLE, JAN. 16, 1842. Robberies in Louisville-Medical Disputes-Neurolo gy-Phrenology-Does your Ma know you'r out! DEAR BENNETT :-

Last night the most damning robbery ever committed in this, our city, transpired. The jewelry store of R. E. Smith, was entered, shortly after dark, and rifled of watches, rings, and other arti cles of great value, to the amount of seven thousand dollars; who the burglars were, has not, as yet been ascertained. The villians engaged in this bold and daring theft, must have been well acquainted with the premises. An entrance was effected through the back shop, attached to the store. Over Mr. Smith's store is a boarding house; the family were at supper at the time the robbery was com mitted. An alarm of fire was raised, doubtless by the burglars, who had committed the deed. This, however, led to the discovery; instant pursuit was made; no clue or suspicion remains as to who were Various conjectures were made as to their ersons sent in immediate pursuit.

This is the third burglary that has taken place within two weeks: one gang has been arrested he house of all that was 'valuable, and then set fire o it, with the hope of secreting their crime ; our watchmen must either be drunk or asleep, else such frequent house-breakings would not occur-

The controversy between Dr. Simm and Dr. Buchanan, the one a Phrenologist, the other professing Neurology, which I stated in my last, would soon sme before the public, has taken place. At their first meeting Dr. B. became heated and angry in his argument, whilst Dr. S. remained cool and calm, as a placid lake, without one agitating breeze to ruffle its surface. Dr S. on this occasion was declared successful by the audience. Dr. B. said he would prove to Dr. S. experimentally, that which he could not by argument. Four witnesses were to he could not by argument. Four witnesses were to be present, chosen by Dr. B.: none others were allowed entrance. To this Dr. S. strongly objected, and desired the privilege of admitting four of his friends with those of Dr. B. Of course, to this arrangement Dr. B. would not agree. This project was, finally, abandoned. In lieu of this meeting they were to appear again before the public. Notice was, accordingly, given in the papers of the city, and a general invitation tendered to the citizens on Friday, the 14th. The Lecture Room of the Medical Institute was "filled to overflowing," and yet squads of five or more were constantly crowding city, and a general invitation tendered in the citizens on Friday, the 14th. The Lecture Room of the Medical Institute was "filled to overflowing," and yet squads of five or more were constantly crowding into the house. Some of the professors invited the new comers up to the amphitheatre, as it was a large room. The two Drs. left the Lecture Room, and repaired to that of the amphitheatre, when the people, who were crowded in the former room, heard that the lectures would be delivered up a general rush was made to that quarter; crowing and elbowing became the order of the night; had their bonnets mashed or broken, their shawls tora off their backs, and themselves squeezed tighter than ever before. The gentlemen found it little better, for they had their hats knocked off and toes trampled on, and frequent was the cry "get off my corns," in that motly crowd. To proceed up or down was utterly impossible. The stairs threatening every moment to give way, filled those who occupied them with fear. An old, but very respectable gentleman, about midway up the stairs, expostulated and begged those below him to return, so as to afford a passage for those whose lives were in jeopardy so long as they remained in their present situation. Several others who saw the perilous condition of the crowd, aided the old gentleman in his efforts, and they finally cleared the crowd, that all might come down from above. No other alternative was left them, but to return home, in disappointment, and many of the fair vowed they never would go to the Institute again.

But to return to the lectures, who are the heroes of this epistle. Dr. B. first obtained the floor, and was to speak only for an hour, as had been previously agreed. After speaking for half an hour longer than his time, he expressed his regret to the audience, that his remarks must be so soon brought to a close, as he had a great deal more to say, but that his time had already expired. Dr. S. stepped forward and told him to proceed; Dr. B. then remarked "Dr. S. has kindly profler

the time agreed upon. This, I must say, is the only kindness he has shown me during this controversy."

Dr. S. smiled and said nothing. Dr. B. however, had very little more to say; he had exhausted his reservoir. To save appearances, he began to detail some experiments he had made. He stated that there was a voting pan who had been given as he. reservoir. To save appearances, he began to detail some experiments he had made. He stated that there was a young man who had been given up by his physicians, as past recovery; but that by his aid, he had restored him, as it were, from the grave, [Dr. B. and Dr. R. two of the physicians who attended this young man, have since denied the statement made by Dr. Buchanan I and that in four days after he had visited him, he was able to go about. This he unwittingly contradicted, for he afterwards stated that the young man was unable, a week afterwards, to hold an umbrella over him, in order to go and see Drs. T. B. and R. In speaking of this, he said—"The young man. I believe, is present in this audience: he can testify to what I have said." The young man being there, cried out: "Yes, here I am." Some mischievous fellow in the crowd at this critical juncture, bawled out, h" Does your mamma know you're out?" This query, so appropriate to the occasion, called forth a general laugh, Dr. B. not excepted. The Dr. shortly afterwards closed his remarks

Dr. S. came forward to answer Dr. B. He (Dr. B.) had witnessed one defeat, and would not stay for fear of another. He accordingly took his hat and cloak and left: Dr. S. politely requested him to remain; but no—Dr. B. retired amidst the general hiss of the audience.

Very little time remained for Dr. S. to speak; he said he would lecture again and again, till he pulled down the slight foundation on which Dr. B's science was erected, and would not let one stone remain top of another.

The audience were dismissed, after an invitation being tendered to them to attend his next lecture. Thus a stop is put to this controversy. Neurology, versus phrenology, and phrenology versus neurology, such proposities in the proposities of conversation among all classes. Every thing is given up, to make room for this all-absorbing theme.

Albany. |Correspondence of the Herald.| | ALBANY, Friday, Jan. 21, 1842.

The mild weather that has prevailed here for the last three days, still continues, only to day it has been accompanied by a storm of mingled rain and sleet, rendering our streets, never, in the best of ble. A much longer continuance of this weather, and we shall have a boat at our wharves again from

your city.

There is spirited competition going on here in small way between Boston and New York. For some years the citizens of Albany have derived their sources of cheap reading from your city. Since nians have flooded the city with the publications o "Notions," &c., may now be found about our streets thick as hops, and an agency office for the sale of them has been established. The Bostonians seem determined to rival New York in every respect, and the New Yorkers must have a care, o they will not be unsuccessful. In the Senate to-day, Mr. FURMAN enquired why

the Judiciary Committee had not reported on his resolutions in relation to the repeal of the Bankrupt Law. He said that they had had the subject lorg enough before them to have come to some conclusion on the subject ere this, and he had delayed calling for the consideration of them for the purpose of hearing the report of that committee. Mean while the House of Representatives had passed the bill repealing the law, and if the resolutions were not acted on immediately, they would be of no

the Judiciary Committee was not in his seat, but he

in ther debate, the committee were instructed to report on the subject. The bill authorising the third Associate Reformed Church of the city of New York to adopt a more eligible site for their edifice, was ordered to a third reading. After a considerable amount of business, not of very general interest, had been got through, the Senate took on for consideration the resolutions on the subject of the public faith, which have been under discussion for the last four or five days. From the fact that parties in this idouse are more equally balanced, and that the minority are much more talented, the discussions in this branch are much more obstinate and protracted his branch are much more obstinate and protracted

nority are much more talented, the discussions in this branch are much more obstinate and protracted than in the lower House.

Mr Tambles's joint resolution, proposing to reduce the number of copies of documents ornered, was received from the Assembly.

In the Assembly, the business has been almost wholly of a private character.

Mr. Townsens's bill providing that the State Printer should publish a weekly newspaper which should contain all the legal advertising, was reported with amendments, by Mr. Tambles, from the Standing Committee on Public Printing.

Gen. Dix presented a patition from Jonathan Laurence and others, of New York city, praying for a recharter of the North River Bank. In presenting, the General remarked that the petition had been sent to him by some geatlemen in New York, with whom he was acquainted—that it was signed by a large number of very respectable citizens. He was not aware however why it was sent to him rather than to some member of the New York delegation. He observed that the application was for an unconstitutional renewal of the charter of this bank. While, therefore, he performed the duty the petitioners had assigned to him with pleasure, he must say that he should have discharged it more cheerfully had they asked for a continuance of their franchise, with modifications adapted to the existing state of things.

An Act to repeal the Registry Law was taken, and some debate ensued on a motion to refer; when Mr. Chames, from Saratoga, aftersome remarks on

and some debate ensued on a motion to refer; when Mr. CHAMER, from Saratoga, after some remarks on the subject, said he was in favor of amending the Constitution so as to give the right of suffrage to the poor unfortunate African. This is the first A colition movement or demonstration that has been made in the House this season; how it will be followed will soonbe developed.

Mr. McMurary made a most eloquent speech

on the subject of the repeal, and the matter rested until the subject was taken up in Com-mittee of the Whole, when, after a short consid-eration, the Committee rose and reported progress on

Mr. Townsenp's bill in relation to interest or Mr. Towssexp's bill in relation to interest on money was taken up, and the Committee rose without taking the question. The House concurred in the joint resolution from the Senate, relative to the reorganization of the Congressional Districts, with an amendment increasing the Committee on the part of the House to one from each Senate District.

Numerous petitions for aid to the New York and Erie Ma Iroad; to Thompsonian practitioners; for the suppression of licentiousness, etc., continue daily to be received.

The Military Convention is in session again to-day, in the spacious rooms of the Young Men's As-sociation. Their proceedings are highly interesting, and several very patriotic speeches have been made,

sociation. Their proceedings are lightly interesting, and several very patriotic speeches have been made, by some of the more patriotic of the representatives of our "citizen soldiery" there assembled. The ball given in their honor, passed off very well last senior. There were a large number present, most ministry gentlemen. The spacious hall mant with the assembled beauty of Albany, and it will be strange, if some of the delegates do not reach home with their hearts behind them. A number of our legislative solons were also present, and they appeared to enjoy themselves mightily. Besides the ball, there was a soirce or party given the same evening by Van Rensselaer, to which a great many of them were invited, and attended.

The State Printer gives a dinner party and ball this evening. It takes Thurlow to do up these matters in the right style. At his entertainment to-day will be present all the big whigs of the city, heads of departments, small potatoes, etc. Ite has two daughters, charming and amiable young ladies, who would grace any halls, and who will no doubt be the centre of attraction this evening. I shall endeavor to get the particulars of this affair, and transmit them to you in my next.

I observe present at the ideliberations of the

to get the particulars of this affair, and transmit them to you in my next.

I observe present at the ideliberations of the House, Col Storms, Stevenson, and others, candidates, who of course are there from purely disinterested motives. Derrick Subley is also here, and being seen so often as he is with his finger in some members' button holes in bye places, it looks very like as it he were on hand as a member of that distinguished body, the Third House, so flatteringly alluded to not long since, by Mr. Hoffman.

A new movement has been made here by the abolitionists, which is no less than the establishment of a second weekly paper, devoted to their cause, and to be under the direction of three "colored citizens," as they style themselves. The paper is called

FRIEND BENNETT,-

As our New York brethren appear to set great value on our western railroad, I will suggest to you a mode by which your mighty city may be saved from ruin, and the tables turned upon us.

This is to send on here and buy up the stock of the road, a majority of which can be readily purchased at 75 per cent, or 35 for 60 paid in, and then you can do with it as you please, or we should be glad to receive in exchange the stock of the Boston and Providence railroad, and pay you 10 per cent per share in exchange between Western and Provi dence; and as we now have a majority of 1,000 shares in the Providence road here. I will let you into the secret. Our plan is to get the stock here as fast as possible, and I believe almost every sale as tast as possible, and I believe almost every sale of the stock in New York is purchased on Boston account. This road can easily divide 8 per eent, but our policy is to keep it at 6 per cent till we got most of the stock here, knowing your strong dislike to any stock that pays less than 7.

dislike to any stock that pays less than 7.

Brother Knapp continues to preach here, although at great expense to our good city. A mob of several thousands collected in Bowdon square last evening, and were addressed by our Mayor; but the response was only "Crow, Chapman crow;" they were finally dispersed by the police, of whom about 100 were on duty. A woman by the name of Mason, residing in Cambridge street, died yesterday, and two men, a Mr. Allen, and a brother of an editor, have been taken to the insane hospital, raving mad from this man's preaching; but his race is run here.

STEAMBOATS SUNK.—The Edward Shippen reports that steamboats George Collier and Worden Pope were sunk at Colbert Shoals, Tennessee River. They were both bound down with careoes. The officers and crews of the hoats were at Padecah. Cotton from the wreck of the W. P. was at Paducah for shipment.

Supreme Court of the United States—Jan. 21
No. 14 The United States, appallant, vs. Pedro
Mirando, et al. This cause was argued by Mr. Duval and Mr. Attorney General for the appellant,
and by Mr. Ogden for the appellees. No 15. The
United States, appellant, vs. John W. Dow, et al.
The argument of this cause was commenced by
Mr. Attorney General for the appellant. Adjourned till to-morrow, II e'clock, A. M.

Thursday, Jan. 20.—No. 10. Stephen Cocke,
plaintiff in error, vs. Joseph A. Halsey, et al. This
cause was argued by Mr. Key for the defendants in
error, and submitted on a printed argument of Mr.
Cocke in behalf of the plaintiff in error. No. 41.
Tobias Nixdorff, appellant, vs. Lewis Smith, This
cause was argued by Mr. Key for the bppellant,
and by Mr. Coxe for the appellee

ANAL APPAIRS.—By the Naval General Court Martial, held in July last, on board the United States ship Pennsylvania, at Norfolk, Lieutenant Francis B. Ellison was tried upon an additional charge, preferred against him by Commander W. K. Latimer, of "Quarrelling, and using provoking and reproachful words, gestures, and menaces to Commander W. K. Latimer," found guilty thereof, and scateneed to be dismissed from the Navy.—This sentence was approved by the President of the United States; but in consideration of the representations which have been made, highly homorable to the character and past conduct of Lieutenant Edlison, and trusting that the severe punishment, to which he has been condemned for a breach of discipline seriously affecting the service, will exert a snitable influence over his future conduct, the Fresident has remitted the sentence. Lieutenant Ellison has consequently been released from arrest, and restored to daty.

City Intelligence. More Forgeries in Wall street -On Friday

last, it was ascertained that a number of forged notes had been negotiated in Wall street, of the September 17th, payable eight months after date, purporting to have been drawn by Tracy, Mayer & Irwin, made payable to W. T. Crook & Co. and endorsed by the latter firm. One for \$820, drawn by Tracy, Mayer & Co.; one for \$800 by Ward & Airken; one for \$700 by Blanchard & Blodget; one for \$800 by Doremus, Saydams & Nixon; and two for \$600 cash, by W. F. & S. Waring. Circumstances immediately caused suspicion to fall on a broker in Wall street, named Francis Matrono, who has transacted business for some time past at No. 50 Wall street, and he was arrested by officer Bowyer. Upon appearing at the police office, he confessed his guilt, and stated that the notes had been forged by placing the names of genuine signatures under the forged notes, lining them with pencil, and filling up with a pen afterwards. Metford has been in the practice, for a length of time of negotiating notes in Wall street, and while he had the originals in his possession, thus obtained nearly fac similie signatures. So far as ascertained, nearly \$8000 have been detected in forgeries, and so doubt that more will yet come to light. Really, this is the age of roguery. Metford is locked up for further investigation.

THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN meet this evening, when the annual report of the Comptroller will be

when the annual report of the Comptroller will be presented.

Sanov Hook Pilor Dead.—A man named John Cronlin, a native of Russia, and one of the Sandy Hook Pilors, was found dead in his bed on Friday night at No. 180 Cherry street. He retired to bed at about nine o'clock as well as usual, and when one of the servants went to his room in the morning to awaken him he was discovered lifeless. The Coroner's jury returned a verdict of death from epilepsy.

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City Passon — During the last week there were received in the City Prison 76 white males, 25 white females, 15 black males, and 10 black females—Total, 136. Dischargee, 80 white males, 26 white females, 20 black males, and 13 black females Total 139. Remaining, 61 white males, 13 white females, 14 black males and 6 black females—Total 17.

tal 97.

Saturday last, while at his boarding house No. 68
Christie street, where he has resided for upwards of two years past. He had been sickly for a length of time, and the Coroner's jury, aided by a physician, decided that his death was occasioned from effusion of the chest.

of the chest.

ANOTHER VICTIM—A woman named Elizabeth Smith, a native of Long Island, who has lived a life of debauchery for some years past, at one of the hells on the Hook, No. 31; Walnut street, died in a very sudden manner on Saturday, from pleurisy produced from intemperance, she having recently been on what is termed a "spree."

From Florida.—We received the St. Augustine News of the 15th instant, from which we extract the following:—

The steamer William Gaston, Captain Henry, arrived here on Monday last from Southern Posts. The scout from the Lacha-Hatchee had returned, after discovering but one Indian, who was captured. A part of three Companies of 3d Artillery, under the command of Captain Vinton, came up in the Gaston as far as Fort Pierce, from thence to go on a scout.

We learn that a party of Indians recently attacked and plundered a wagon train, about 12 miles from Tallahassee, near the natural bridge. The negroes who were driving the train, succeeded in making their escape: A gentleman shortly after approached on horseback, but finding all was not right, wheeled his horse, when the Indians, who were concealed, fired several rifles at him, but without success.

CURIOUS FACE.—The London Herald, in speaking of the rapid advance of manufacturing skill in the United States, asserts that the rails for at least one half the English railroads have been imported from the United States, while all, or nearly all, the railroads in this country are laid with rails brought from England.

Ship Bullons — West Jersey ship building is in good repute in Philadelphia. The papers highly praise the new bark Pons, recently built by Reeves & Brothers, on Alloway's Creek, in Sajem county-She has ten single berths in a deck cabin, measures 260 tons, and about 2 500 bbls. burthen. She is to be a regular packet between Philadelphia and Buenos Ayres.

THE LARGEST THE CHEAPEST,
AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF
WIGS AND SCALPS WIGS AND SCALPS

V. CLIREHUGH'S

set BROADWAY, ENTRANCE IN FULTON ST.

THE many attempts that are daily making to instate these
I celebrated wigs and scalpe, are just see many proofs of
the high character they have attained, and the estimation they
we held in by the trade. But the public will observe that C. is
the original maker in this country of
THE VENTILATING AND GOSSAMER

WIGS AND SCALPS,
WITHOUT METALLIC SPRINGS,
and that all others are but feeble attempts at imitation, wanteing the genus to devine or direct the principle on which they
are made to fit, and the skill and practice to execute
HEADS OF HAIR,
which for elegance, lightness, and durability may be classed
among the first productions of modern art. In their manufacare they differ from all others made here. The hair is singly
inverted, and so equally distributed as to appear just issuing
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guarter of the coverage, who are now wearing C. was an be
referred to.

MEDICAL AID.

The prices will be found to suit the curcumstances of all 1818

MEDICAL AID

A MONG the many mighty improvements of the sage there. A are none of more importance to manwind, and perhaps on the practice of medicine, yet we are constrained to admit, that we have never met with more convincing proofs of approval than in exhibited by Dr. Gregory, of No. 24 Mott street. He has recently made some valuable discoveries in the treatment of disease which is not only being appreciated, but he is win air golden opinious from his patients. It is argued by nome that all discoveries in the healing art should be a work why should a physician more than the class, bestow the why should a physician more than the class, bestow the why should a physician more than the class, bestow the why should a physician more than the class, bestow the why should a physician more than the class, bestow the why should a physician more than the class, bestow the why should a physician more than the class of the cl